



Neurotoxicity and neuropathology associated with cocaine abuse /

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U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, National Institutes of Health, National Institute on Drug Abuse, 1996

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Monografía

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Contenido: Cocaine addiction as a neurological disorder : implications for treatment -- Brain atrophy and chronic cocaine abuse : background and work in progress -- Neurologic complications of cocaine -- psychomotor and electroencephalographic sequelae of cocaine dependence -- Cocaine effects on dopamine and opioid peptide neural systems : implications for human cocaine abuse -- The neurotoxic effects of continuous cocaine and amphetamine in humans : implications for the substrates of psychosis -- PET studies of cerebral glucose metabolism : acute effects of cocaine and long-term deficits in brains of drug abusers -- Cardiotoxic properties of cocaine : studies with positron emission tomography -- Neuropsychological abnormalities in cocaine abusers : possible correlates in SPECT neuroimaging -- Cocaine withdrawal alters regulatory elements of dopamine neurons -- EEG and evoked potentials alterations in cocaine-dependent individuals -- Is craving mood driven or self-propelled? : sensitization and "street" stimulant addiction -- Methamphetamine and methylenedioxymethamphetamine neurotoxicity : possible mechanisms of cell destruction -- Stress, glucocorticoids, and mesencephalic dopaminergic neurons : a pathophysiological chain determining vulnerability to psychostimulant abuse -- Clinical and MRI evaluation of psychostimulant neurotoxicity

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