

"Nuestro deber en la hora actual" límites y nacionalismo entre Chile y Argentina (1892 -1899) [

2024

text (article)

Analítica

During the nineteenth century, Chile and Argentina had several border disputes, both over the Strait of Magellan and Patagonia, which concluded with the Boundary Treaty of 1881. However, these problems emerged again in the austral zone and increased tension in the 1890s, when nationalism and the arms race were mixed up with the boundary issue. Therefore, our research question is: Why did the Chilean-Argentinian dispute increase if there were a treaty and a protocol in force during that decade? For this, the objectives are to: 1) evaluate unresolved limit points between both states; and 2) comprehend the nationalism and arms race atmosphere of that period. A methodology of document source analysis using archives, books, period press, and a historical-geopolitical approach within a defined time frame (1892-1999) will be utilized in this study. The results aim to demonstrate that both states, despite their agreements, sought to hasten the resolution of controversies by engaging not only state institutions but also society as a whole

During the nineteenth century, Chile and Argentina had several border disputes, both over the Strait of Magellan and Patagonia, which concluded with the Boundary Treaty of 1881. However, these problems emerged again in the austral zone and increased tension in the 1890s, when nationalism and the arms race were mixed up with the boundary issue. Therefore, our research question is: Why did the Chilean-Argentinian dispute increase if there were a treaty and a protocol in force during that decade? For this, the objectives are to: 1) evaluate unresolved limit points between both states; and 2) comprehend the nationalism and arms race atmosphere of that period. A methodology of document source analysis using archives, books, period press, and a historical-geopolitical approach within a defined time frame (1892-1999) will be utilized in this study. The results aim to demonstrate that both states, despite their agreements, sought to hasten the resolution of controversies by engaging not only state institutions but also society as a whole

During the nineteenth century, Chile and Argentina had several border disputes, both over the Strait of Magellan and Patagonia, which concluded with the Boundary Treaty of 1881. However, these problems emerged again in the austral zone and increased tension in the 1890s, when nationalism and the arms race were mixed up with the boundary issue. Therefore, our research question is: Why did the Chilean-Argentinian dispute increase if there were a treaty and a protocol in force during that decade? For this, the objectives are to: 1) evaluate unresolved limit points between both states; and 2) comprehend the nationalism and arms race atmosphere of that period. A methodology of document source analysis using archives, books, period press, and a historical-geopolitical approach within a defined time frame (1892-1999) will be utilized in this study. The results aim to demonstrate that both states, despite their agreements, sought to hasten the resolution of controversies by engaging not only state institutions but also society as a whole

**Título:** "Nuestro deber en la hora actual" límites y nacionalismo entre Chile y Argentina (1892 - 1899) electronic resource].]

Editorial: 2024

**Tipo Audiovisual:** arms race nationalism boundaries Argentina Chile Geopolitics International Relations armamentismo nacionalismo límites Chile Argentina Relaciones Internacionales Geopolitica armamentismo nacionalismo limites Argentina Chile Geopolitica

**Documento fuente:** HiSTOReLo. Revista de historia regional y local, ISSN 2145-132X, Vol. 16, N°. 37, 2024 (Ejemplar dedicado a: Societies and Nations at War: Local and Regional Geopolitical Conflicts (19th and 20th Centuries)), pags. 113-141

Nota general: application/pdf

Restricciones de acceso: Open access content. Open access content star

Condiciones de uso y reproducción: LICENCIA DE USO: Los documentos a texto completo incluidos en Dialnet son de acceso libre y propiedad de sus autores y/o editores. Por tanto, cualquier acto de reproducción, distribución, comunicación pública y/o transformación total o parcial requiere el consentimiento expreso y escrito de aquéllos. Cualquier enlace al texto completo de estos documentos deberá hacerse a través de la URL oficial de éstos en Dialnet. Más información: https://dialnet.unirioja.es/info/derechosOAI | INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS STATEMENT: Full text documents hosted by Dialnet are protected by copyright and/or related rights. This digital object is accessible without charge, but its use is subject to the licensing conditions set by its authors or editors. Unless expressly stated otherwise in the licensing conditions, you are free to linking, browsing, printing and making a copy for your own personal purposes. All other acts of reproduction and communication to the public are subject to the licensing conditions expressed by editors and authors and require consent from them. Any link to this document should be made using its official URL in Dialnet. More info: https://dialnet.unirioja.es/info/derechosOAI

Lengua: Spanish

**Enlace a fuente de información:** HiSTOReLo. Revista de historia regional y local, ISSN 2145-132X, Vol. 16, N°. 37, 2024 (Ejemplar dedicado a: Societies and Nations at War: Local and Regional Geopolitical Conflicts (19th and 20th Centuries)), pags. 113-141

## **Baratz Innovación Documental**

- Gran Vía, 59 28013 Madrid
- (+34) 91 456 03 60
- informa@baratz.es